



CUSHIONING MEMBER HAVING A WAVY OUTLINE

DESCRIPTION

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention refers to a cushioning member having an undulating, i.e.

5 wavy conformation for supporting one or more parts of a human body on a resting surface thereof. A cushioning member of such a kind may for instance be used in footwear articles, chairs, vehicle seats, saddlaries and upholstering shops in general, furniture accessories and fittings such as chairs, mattresses, pillows and the like, leisure products and items such as 10 inflatable mattresses, pads, pillows and the like, and anyway in any application in which it is advantageous to provide a cushioned support in view of making it more comfortable for one or more parts of the body to rest thereupon.

[0002] The Italian-Italian Patent Application No. FI2000A000215, filed on October 20, 2000 by this same Applicant, describes a cushioning footwear sole comprising a plurality of 15 cushioning modules provided in a juxtaposed arrangement in the-a longitudinal direction. Each one of such modules consists of a thread-like element made of a high-strength and high-rigidity material, and bent in such a manner as to form a sequence of eyelets lying on the-a plane that passes along the-a longitudinal axis of the module-modules and is normal to the-a ground plane, in a concordantly inclined manner, so that each such eyelet, following the-a sole impinging against the ground, will bend, i.e. deflect with such a pliability, i.e. yieldingness as allowed for 20 by the-a length thereof, and tends then to regain, under an immediate spring-back effect, its non-deformed condition, substantially according to a damped aperiodic harmonic motion mode. The greater or smaller extent of pliability, or yieldingness, further depends on the smaller or greater a density with which the modules are arranged transversallytransversely.

[0003] Although it proves particularly advantageous, the-a technical approach described 25 above, however, turns out as being rather complex from a production point of view: as. As a matter of fact, the-various modules are manufactured by means of performing an extrusion process using a mould-mold that has a shape matching the-a longitudinal section of the modules themselves: the-so, and an obtained semi-finished product is formed by an undulated, i.e. corrugated plate, from which the-individual modules are then cut-off. In addition, assembling the 30 individual modules together involves each single module, which is generally rectilinear in its cut-off state, being first of all brought into shape manually, and the-wholean entire assembly being

then secured in a pre-determined position so as to obtain the-a final shape for application to the-a sole. The various-Various modules are fastened by sewing them directly on to the sole or through proper hook-on members that act as spacers. It may therefore be readily appreciated that the-a process needed to produce and assemble the individual modules is necessarily quite a long and 5 complex one, owing to its including a number of operational steps involving considerably high costs to carry perform them-out.

[0004] Furthermore, the modules shall have differing lengths and conformations, depending on both the-a final shape of the-an assembly that has to be obtained and the-different sizes of the-shoes, boots or whichever other products that have to be manufactured therewith. 10 This entails the-a need for a considerable number of moulds-molds to be provided and used to comply with the-whole-an entire production variety, and this of course entrains quite considerable costs with it.

[0005] A further limitation imposed by this technical approach is connected with the difficulties for the-assemblies formed by the individual modules to be given shapes that correspond exactly with the-a shape of the-a component part with which they are to be associated to-(i.e. the-soles in the-a particular case being considered), considering the-limited ability of modules constituted by rectilinear thread-like elements to be brought into a desired shape, i.e. to allow for any wide extent of mouldability-moldability into shape. 15

[0006] It therefore is the-an object of the present invention to provide a cushioning member having an undulating, i.e. wavy conformation, which is particularly advantageous not 20 only from a functional point of view, but also from a production-related one point of view.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] Within this general object, it is a purpose of the present invention to provide a 25 cushioning member of the above-indicated kind, which is capable of being obtained, i.e. produced both easily and rapidly, thereby enabling a greater productivity and a higher efficiency to be achieved, as accompanied by a sensible reduction in production and assembly costs, and related time requirements.

[0008] Still another purpose of the present invention is to provide a cushioning member 30 of the above-indicated kind, which is able to be given the most varied final shapes, thereby

allowing ~~the-a~~ most suitable shape to be defined with a wide degree of freedom for any and each different application for which it may be intended ~~for~~.

[0009] Finally, an equally important purpose of the present invention is to provide a cushioning member of the above-indicated kind, which is capable of being produced 5 competitively from a cost-related point of view, using generally known tools and machines.

[0010] According to the present invention, these aims and advantages, along with further ones that will emerge from the following description, are reached in a cushioning member with an undulating structure, which incorporates ~~the~~-features and characteristics as recited in the appended ~~claim 1~~ claims.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0011] Features and advantages of the present invention will ~~anyway~~ be more readily understood from ~~the-a~~ description of some preferred, although not sole embodiments, that is given below by way of non-limiting ~~example~~ examples with reference to the accompanying 15 drawings, in which:

[0012] ~~Figure 1~~ Figure 1 is a perspective view of a cushioning member according to the present invention, intended for use in footwear applications;

[0013] ~~Figure 2~~ Figure 2 is a plan view of the cushioning member shown in Figure 1;

[0014] ~~Figure 3~~ Figure 3 is a side elevational view of the cushioning member shown in 20 Figure 1;

[0015] ~~Figure 4~~ Figure 4 is a side elevational view of a detail of the cushioning member;

[0016] ~~Figure 5~~ Figure 5 is a side cross-sectional view of a footwear item incorporating a cushioning member according to the present invention;

25 [0017] ~~Figure 6~~ Figure 6 is a plan view, similar to the one appearing in Figure 2, of a second embodiment of the cushioning member according to the present invention;

[0018] ~~Figures 7~~ Figures 7 and 8 are side elevational views of the cushioning member shown in Figure 6 and a detail thereof, respectively;

30 [0019] ~~Figure 9~~ Figure 9 is a side cross-sectional view of a bicycle seat incorporating a cushioning member according to the present invention;

[0020] —~~Figure 10~~Figure 10 is a plan cross-sectional view of the bicycle seat shown in Figure 9;

[0021] —~~Figure 11~~Figure 11 is a view of an arm brace or guard incorporating one or more cushioning members according to the present invention;

5 [0022] —~~Figure 12~~Figure 12 is a view of a leg guard incorporating a cushioning member according to the present invention;

[0023] —~~Figure 13~~Figure 13 is a side cross-sectional view of a chair incorporating a plurality of cushioning members according to the present invention;

[0024] —~~Figure 14~~Figure 14 is a front view of the chair shown in Figure 13; and

10 [0025] —~~Figure 15~~Figure 15 is a plan view of ~~the-a~~ seat of the chair shown in Figure 13.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0026] With reference to the above-noted Figures, the reference numeral 1 is used there to generally indicate a cushioning member comprising a plurality of elastically deformable bands 2 having a wavy, i.e. undulating structure, so as described in the afore mentioned ~~aforementioned~~ Italian Patent Application No. FI2000A000215, which is assigned to the assignee of the present invention, and which is incorporated ~~herein in the undulating structure of the bands 2~~ by reference. These bands are provided in a juxtaposed arrangement relative to each other according to a substantially longitudinal orientation, wherein each single undulation 2a of this undulating structure is inclined with respect to a resting plane of the cushioning member 1, so that each single undulation 2a forms an acute or obtuse angle with the ~~above-mentioned~~ resting plane.

[0027] To complete ~~the-a~~ structure of the cushioning member 1 there are furthermore provided a plurality of strips 3 connecting two or more bands 2 together and ensuring the stabilization of the entire cushioning member 1 in its entirety. The strips 3 are arranged so as to extend in an approximately ~~transversal~~traverse direction with respect to, i.e. across, the bands 2, and may be such as to cover ~~the-a~~ full width extension of the plurality of bands 2, so that each strip 3 will actually join all bands 2 to each other, or each strip 3 may be such as to join at least two ~~or more~~ bands 2 to each other, so as to be able to obtain joining zones that are possibly offset from each other, according to ~~the-a~~ desired cushioning effect that ~~has-is~~ to be obtained.

30 [0028] According to an ~~innovatory~~innovative aspect of the present invention, the cushioning member in its complete and finished state and, therefore, as formed by said ~~the~~

plurality of bands 2 connected together by the strips 3, is obtained as a single-piece ~~moulding~~
molding of a suitable thermoplastic material or by any other appropriate and equivalent forming
method known as such in the art that is effective in enabling such member to be produced as a
single-piece part. As a result, the bands 2 are made integral with ~~the~~ related connecting strips 3
5 and are directly formed into ~~the-a~~ final and definitive shape as required in view of ~~the~~ actual use
to ~~which~~ the cushioning member 1 is intended to be put, without any need arising for further
processing steps to be provided successively in order to ~~come to produce~~ a finished product.

10 [0029] Through such contrivance, therefore, ~~the-a~~ possibility is given for the cushioning
member 1 to be directly obtained in ~~the-a~~ most suitable shape and configuration thereof, in view
of the various applications and uses for which it may actually be intended ~~for~~.

15 [0030] For example, the accompanying Figures 1 to 5 can be noticed to illustrate ~~the-a~~
configuration of a cushioning member 1 according to the present invention for application to a
sole 4 of a footwear item 5. It may be readily noticed that, in this case, the bands 2 are such as to
exactly replicate ~~the-a~~ shape of the sole 4, within which the cushioning member 1 itself is
housed, while featuring an optimised-optimized orientation and shape pattern for ~~the~~ various
resting zones to be supported elastically. The connecting strips 3 may be arranged below ~~the-a~~
lower surface of the bands 3 or, and possibly just at pre-determined zones, they may be provided
so as to be co-planar with the bands 2, so as and this is illustrated in the case of the strips 3a in
Figure 2. Furthermore, the ~~arms~~-strips 3 and/or 3a may be given a differentiated shape and/or
thickness pattern according to ~~the-a~~ cushioning effect that has desirably to be obtained at
determined resting zones of ~~the-a~~ foot.
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25 [0031] The cushioning member may advantageously be provided with a protective or
covering layer, for instance of fabrics fabric, leather or any other suitable material, which is
preferably obtained by over-injecting ~~the~~ plastic material onto said-this protective layer. Even in
this case, ~~the moulded~~-a molded product is readily and directly obtained as a finished product
ready for use in ~~the-an~~ intended application. For instance, with reference to Figures 1 to 5, the
cushioning member 1 may be used as an insole insert within the footwear item 5, by having a
suitable protective layer, eg-e.g. of such material as felt, leather or the like, duly associated on a
top and/or on ~~the-a~~ bottom of it through-by performing an over-injection process.

30 [0032] In view of obtaining a differentiated cushioning-effect pattern along ~~the-a~~ surface
of the cushioning member 1, there are advantageously provided at least one or more undulations

undulation 2b that are-is reinforced by means-of fins 7, which are again moulded-molded integrally with the cushioning member 1, and which are provided at the-a site where the same undulations this at least one undulation 2b undergo-undergoes elastic deformation or bending, so as-and this is best illustrated in Figure 3. In this way, the-a support capacity of the cushioning member 1 at the-so-this reinforced portions portion thereof turns out to be greater than at the other portions thereof, such that a greater load or force having-has to be applied thereon in order to bring about a same extent of deformation. Preferably, the fins 7 may be provided at the-a heel zone or portion of the cushioning member, upon which the-a heaviest load of the-a body is actually weighing-applying weight, so that the-a reaction provided by the cushioning member 1 there-must, as a result, be certainly greater than the-one-a reaction provided to the rest-to a remainder of the foot.

[0033] In Figures 6 to 8 there is illustrated a different embodiment of a cushioning member according to the present invention, as intended again for use in footwear applications, which can be noticed to feature a different shape and arrangement of both the bands 2 and the strips 3. In particular, the bands 2 of this embodiment feature a differentiated width according to the-different resting zones or portions. Even in this case, there are advantageously provided undulations 2b that are reinforced by means-of fins 7 provided integral with the-cushioning member 1 and situated at the-sites where the-same these undulations 2b undergo elastic deformation or bending, so-as-and this is best illustrated in the-a detail shown in Figure 8.

[0034] Fully apparent from the above description is therefore the-an ability of the the present invention to effectively reach the afore-cited-aforecited aims and advantages by providing a cushioning member having an undulating, i.e. wavy conformation, which is particularly advantageous from both a functional and a manufacturing point of view.

[0035] As a matter of fact, the cushioning member according to the present invention can be most easily and rapidly obtained in its finished, ready-for-use form through-by performing a single manufacturing step, thereby allowing for greater productivity end efficiency under a sensible reduction in assembly costs and time as compared with prior-art solutions.

[0036] It should furthermore be specially noticed that the cushioning member according to the present invention proves particularly comfortable for the-a user, since, further to a cushioned support, it is also capable of providing aeration to the-parts of the body that rest upon it. As a matter of fact, the-alternating compression and subsequent recovery, or spring-back

5 motion, of the cushioning member during its use brings about a kind of "pump effect" that favours the favors air circulation through the an open structure of the cushioning member 1 itself, wherein the an extent of aeration will of course depend also on the transpiration characteristics of the materials that are possibly used as a protective or cover layer on the same cushioning member 1.

[0037] In addition, the cushioning member 1 according to the present invention can be obtained, in a finished state within a single manufacturing step, in a number of different forms and shapes, thereby enabling the a form that most suitably fits the various applications, for which it may be intended to, to be defined with a wide degree of freedom.

10 [0038] So Accordingly, for instance, Figures 9 and 10 can be noticed to illustrate the application of the cushioning member 1 according to the present invention to a bicycle seat 6, in which the cushioning member 1 is interposed between the a base 7 of the seat 6 and the a covering 8 thereof. In an advantageous manner, such covering of the seat may be provided with micro-perforations that would enable an optimum transpiration to take place therethrough, 15 thereby favouring favoring the air circulation within the seat itself.

20 [0039] For reasons of greater clarity, the same reference numerals are used in Figures 9 and 10, as well as those Figures figures to which reference will be made further on, as and correspond to reference numerals the ones that are used in the preceding Figures 1 to 8 to indicate the various details and parts of the cushioning member.

25 [0040] An example of application of the cushioning member 1 according to the present invention to a guard arrangement for protecting parts of the human body that are exposed to shocks or bumps, for instance when performing sports or physical activities, is illustrated in Figures 11 and 12. With particular reference to Figure 11, the cushioning member 1 is applied to an elbow guard 9, whereas Figure 12 illustrates the application thereof to a knee guard 10. The coverings Coverings 11 of the above mentioned guards can advantageously be produced through by performing over-injection of the cushioning member 1, i.e. by injecting the cushioning member itself directly upon such coverings; in addition, they these coverings can also in this case be advantageously provided with micro-perforations to favour favor transpiration and air circulation.

30 [0041] Figures 13 to 15 illustrate the application of the cushioning member 1 according to the present invention to one or more component parts of a chair 12, including the seat 13, the

backrest 14, and the-headrest 15. The methods-Methods used to produce the-related coverings 16, as well as to enhance the-transpiration and air-circulation capabilities thereof, are advantageously the same as or similar to the ones that have already been described in connection with the previously considered applications.

5 [0042] It will of course be appreciated that the cushioning member according to the present invention, as described above, may be subject to a number of modifications or may be embodied in a number of different manners without departing from the scope of the invention.

10 [0043] ~~Se~~Accordingly, for instance, by applying the same techniques and criteria as described above, it-the cushioning member may be used in mattresses, pads or pillows of both the-conventional or the-orthopaedic type, in inflatable mattresses, pads and mats for leisure applications, in car or vehicle seats and related accessories, such as covers, linings and the like.

[0044] In addition, it should be noticed that the-materials used, as well as the-shapes and the-sizing of the cushioning member of the invention may each time be selected so as to more appropriately meet the-particular requirements or suit the-a particular application.

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CUSHIONING MEMBER HAVING A WAVY OUTLINE

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present invention refers to a cushioning member with an undulating conformation comprising a plurality of elastically deformable bands (2) provided in a juxtaposed arrangement relative to each other according to a substantially longitudinal orientation; wherein each such band (2) features a plurality of undulations (2a, 2b), which are inclined relative to a resting plane, and a plurality of joining strips (3, 3a) are provided between at least two or more bands (2) and arranged transversally transversely relative to said these bands. The cushioning member (1) is produced as a single-piece mouldingmolding, in which the bands (2) are integral with the strips (3, 3a) and are assigned the a final and definitive shape thereof, as required for the use to which the cushioning member (1) is intended to be put.